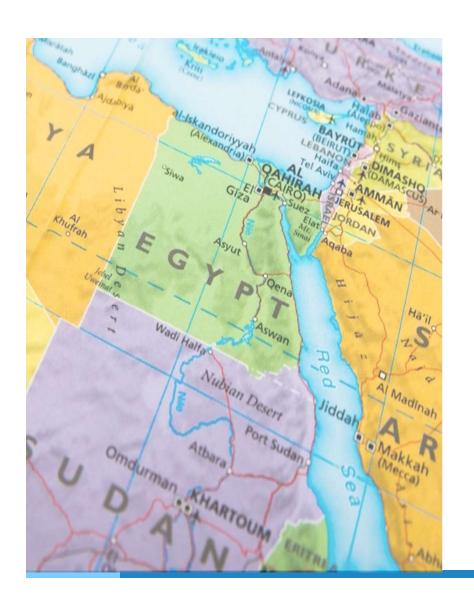
Public Procurement Market Looking at the MENA region

Georges Chebib



MENA Countries

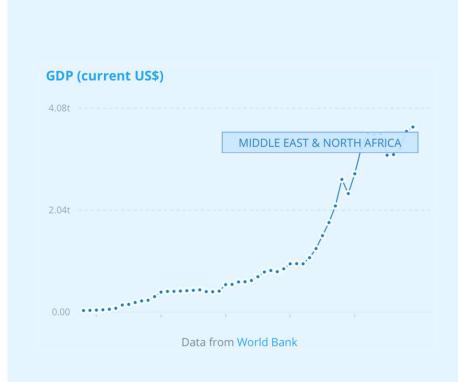
Big market but very weak regional integration

(Algeria, Bahrain, Djibouti, Egypt, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, (Malta), Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab republic, Tunisia, United Arab emirates, West bank and Gaza, Yemen)

- Culturally, economically and politically diverse
- Population: 450 millions (twothird under 35-years-old)
- Unemployment: 25% pre-crisis

MENA Key Figures

- Total GDP: 3,7 trillions USD in 2019
- Growth contraction of -1,1% in 2020
- Highly correlated to oil prices (60 % of global oil reserves and 45 % of natural gas)
- Public debt is 45% of GDP in 2019 and projected to rise to 58% in 2022
- Current account (-4,8%) and fiscal balances (-10,1%)





Why PP in MENA?

Neighbouring market – Cultural and language connection

PP represent 15% to 25% (e.g. Egypt procure over 20% of their GDP)

EU commission efforts to open PP market through multilateral initiative (e.g. Euro-Mediterranean partnership), bilateral agreements, WTO (GPA)

Foreign and institutional PP project financing, including from European countries and International institutions (World Bank, EBRD, Islamic Development Bank etc.)





- Modernizing and simplifying (access to information and procedures)
- E-Government procurement

(e.g. Marocco: www.marchespublics.gov.ma; Tunisia: www.marchespublics.gov.tn)

- Online procurement portal and Central procurement authorities
- Procurement efficiency Growing capabilities in PP and tendering process

Positive evolution Legal Framework



- Improvement in fair competition, transparency, governance and anti-bribery laws
- Procurement legal framework modernization to meet international standard (World Bank, OECD, GPA-WTO, UNICTRAL etc.)
- Public Private Partnerships legal framework

Positive evolution Targeting SMEs

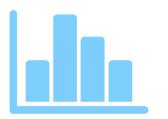


- Policy of favouring SMEs (e.g. KSA 2030 vision from 26% to 35%) –
- Using purchasing powers to help grow SMEs footprint
- Lowering barriers to entry to PP
- Growing policy of PP tendering in lots (strategy towards SMEs)
- Breaking monopolies and import exclusivities



RISKs





- **Economic**: inflation, cost of material, current account (-4,8%) and fiscal balances (-10,1%)
- Political: political instability, war, terrorism, expropriation, new laws and regulations, or international events, bilateral relationship etc.
- Social: social instability, strikes, wages increase (e.g. wages increase during covid)

Risks Financial

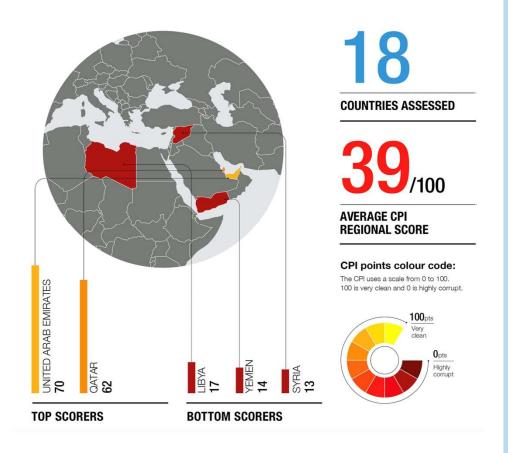


- Financial crisis, Budget deficit, balance of payment deficit etc.
- Monetary risk (currency devaluation etc.), inflation
- Payment delays, additional claims etc.
- Performance **bond** release, cash retention (trap) etc. (often ends up in difficult negotiations)

Risks Legal, operational and Competencies



- Legal framework, legal changes (e.g. minimum wages), contractual misinterpretations and loopholes, poor tender documentations etc.
- Operational difficulties: visa, work permits, entry permit (Mol), products and material entry, special permit and licences, difficulties to physically access location, subcontractors inexperience
- Despite serious improvements, most MENA countries still suffer from weak capabilities and competencies in public procurements



Risks **Corruption and integrity**

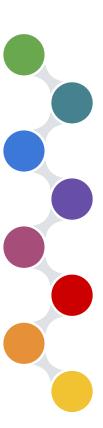
- At Every Stage: from pretendering to the execution
- Despite some incremental progress by some countries, the outlook remains grim
- UNCAL, OECD Anti-Bribery convention, USA FCPA, UK anti-bribery laws,

Mitigating Risks



Local Partnership

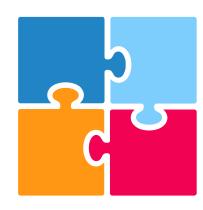
- Selecting the right local partner
- Experience with local PP and regulations
 Access to information and network
 Assist with the tendering process and the
 execution
 Verify budget reality (MoF)
 Operational help visa, licenses (MoL and Mol)
- Avoid the typical mistakes in selecting your partner (« Son of... », « I know everyone... »)
- Incorporating a local entity. Some countries still have a 51% local ownership model





Alliances & Networks

- Joint Venture/Consortium with local and International partners with existing presence
- Subcontractors to a Belgian/EU main contractor with local knowledge
- Business networks





Diplomatic & Institutions

Diplomatic institutions & Commercial attachés

Meetings organization; access to information; Checking in individuals etc.

- Credendo
- Belgium has a good reputation and is usually perceived as "politically neutral"





Corruption

- Make your anti-bribery culture clear from day one
- Compliance statement signing and training the local partner
- Watch for red flags, due diligence on third parties etc.
- Some countries have developed corruption reporting mechanism



Thank You